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**QUESTION 1**

Let

$A$  = The number of sides in an  $n$  – gon

$B$  = The value for  $x$  that satisfies:  $2n - x = n$ .

$C$  = The number of inches in 3 feet.

$D$  = The area of a rectangle with length 4 and width 1.5.

Compute the value of  $\frac{AC}{BD}$ .

**QUESTION 2**

There are 30 marbles in a bag: 10 blue marbles, 15 green marbles, and 5 red marbles. One marble is drawn. Let

$A$  = the probability of drawing a red marble.

$B$  = the probability of drawing a blue marble.

$C$  = the probability of drawing a green marble.

$D$  = the probability of drawing a purple marble.

Compute the value of  $ABCD$ .

**QUESTION 3**

The scores for Mrs. Funk's pre-calculus test are 49, 52, 56, 63, 69, 71, 71, and 100. Let

$A$  = the median of the set of scores.

$B$  = the mode of the set of scores.

$C$  = the mean of the set of scores, rounded to two decimal places.

$D$  = the range of the set of scores.

Compute the value of  $(A + B) - (C + D)$ .

## QUESTION 4

Let

$$A = \frac{8}{13}, \text{ rounded to 3 decimal places.}$$

$$B = \frac{2}{3}, \text{ rounded to 3 decimal places.}$$

$$C = \frac{1}{2}, \text{ rounded to 3 decimal places.}$$

$$D = \frac{3}{8}, \text{ rounded to 3 decimal places.}$$

Find  $A + B + C + D$  in decimal form, rounded to 3 decimal places.

## QUESTION 5

Let

$$A = w, \text{ where } w + 5 = 13.$$

$$B = x, \text{ where } 3x + 7 = 5 - x.$$

$$C = y, \text{ where } \frac{2x + 9}{4} = 3x.$$

$$D = z, \text{ where } 3(5z - 7) = 8((z + 2) - 4).$$

Compute the value of  $A - 2B + 10C + 7D$ .

## QUESTION 6

Let  $\Omega(a, b, c) = \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$ . Then

$$A = \Omega(4, 3, -1)$$

$$B = \Omega[(\Omega(1, 3, 2)), (\Omega(4, 5, 1)), (\Omega(1, 6, 9))]$$

$$C = \text{the value of } ac \text{ where } \Omega(a, 4, c) = 12.$$

$$D = \text{the positive value of } b \text{ where } \Omega(5, b, 20) = 0.$$

Compute the value of  $A + B + C + D$ .

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**QUESTION 7**

Use the Pythagorean theorem to find the missing side of the following right triangles.

- A* A right triangle with legs of length 3 and 4
- B* A right triangle with a leg of length 8 and a hypotenuse of length 10
- C* A right triangle with legs of length 5 and 12
- D* A right triangle with a leg of length 15 and a hypotenuse of length 17

Compute the value of  $\frac{ABC}{D}$ .

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**QUESTION 8**

Let

$A$  = The smallest prime number greater than 8

$B$  = The greatest prime number less than 56

$C$  = The smallest prime number greater than 20

$D$  = The only even prime number

Compute the value of  $A + B + C + D$ .



## QUESTION 9

Let

$$A = 0.\overline{3}$$

$$B = 0.\overline{45}$$

$$C = 0.\overline{372}$$

$$D = 1.\overline{09}$$

Compute the value of  $A + B + 10C + D$  and express your answer as a common fraction in simplest form.

## QUESTION 10

Given that  $x = 4$  and  $y = -2$ ,

Let

$$A = 3x - 4y$$

$$B = -3x - 4y$$

$$C = \frac{x}{3} - \frac{y}{4}$$

$$D = 3xy$$

Compute the value of  $(A + B) - (CD)$ .

## QUESTION 11

Let

$A$  = the smallest integer that is divisible by the first three positive composite integers.

$B$  = the number of positive factors of 24.

$C$  = the least common multiple of 42 and 24.

$D$  = the probability of rolling a 1 on a standard fair die.

Find  $\frac{C}{ABD}$ .

## QUESTION 12

Let

$$A = \text{the value of } a \text{ such that } \frac{3}{8} = \frac{15}{a}.$$

$$B = \text{the value of } v \text{ such that } \frac{3}{2} = \frac{v}{10}.$$

$$C = \text{the value of } x \text{ such that } \frac{x}{240} = \frac{2.1}{2.4}.$$

$$D = \text{the value of } s \text{ such that } \frac{s-3}{5} = 35.$$

Compute the value of  $A + B + C + D$ .

## QUESTION 13

Find the slope of each line.

$$A = \text{the slope of the line } 5x + 3y = 15$$

$$B = \text{the slope of the line } 10 - x = 2y$$

$$C = \text{the slope of the line } 4x = 8y - 12$$

$$D = \text{the slope of the line } \frac{5}{6}x + \frac{1}{15}y = \frac{3}{10}$$

Find  $\frac{AB - C}{D}$ .

## QUESTION 14

Let

$A$  = the number of distinct ways to place 4 people in a line.

$B$  = the number of ways to arrange 4 people in a circle.

$C$  = the solution to the equation  $2x + 5 = 7$ .

$D$  = the number of ways to choose 3 balls from a group of 6 distinguishable balls.

Compute the value of  $A + B + C + D$ .